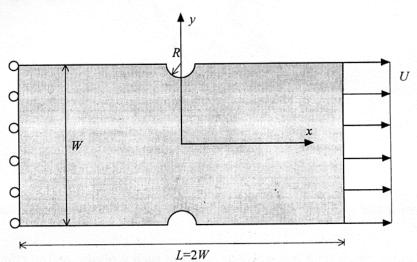
Tentamen SOLID MECHANICS (NASM) January 23, 2012, 9:00–12:00 h

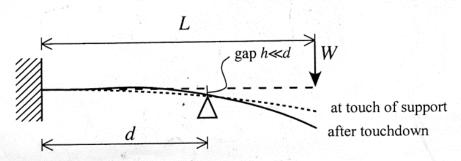
Question 1 For each of the following statements point out if it is correct or not, and why:

- a. The hydrostatic pressure in an isotropic linear elastic material with a Poisson ratio of v = 1/2 is always zero.
- b. The stress parallel to a surface cannot be prescribed through a boundary condition.

Question 2 A rectangular notched plate is subjected to tension as indicated in the figure below. To study this problem one does not need to analyze the entire specimen, but one may exploit the symmetries in the problem. Make a clear sketch of the smallest region one can consider and stipulate the boundary conditions.



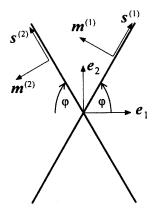
Question 3 A cantilever of length L with bending stiffness EI is pushed down by a force at its end. As the tip deflection W increases, the beam touches a pivot that is located at a small distance h below the beam, at a distance d from the clamped end. After touch down the beam can be deflected further with the pivot serving as a simple support, but the stiffness —end force divided by end displacement— has changed. We analyze this change in a number of steps.



- a. At which end deflection W does the beam touch the support?
- b. For the behaviour after the pivot has been touched, the gap h can be neglected (that is, from now on let $h \to 0$). Formulate the boundary conditions for continued pushing down.
- c. Determine the relation between end deflection and end force. How does the ratio of stiffnesses before and after touchdown at the pivot depend on the position d?

PS. You may either solve the beam equation or use the 'forget-me-nots'.

Question 4 A crystal is oriented such that there are two slip systems, $(s^{(1)}, m^{(1)})$ and $(s^{(2)}, m^{(2)})$, oriented symmetrically with respect to the e_1 -direction by an angle φ . Consider the situation where the slips on both systems are equal, $\gamma^{(1)} = \gamma^{(2)}$.



- a. Determine the principal directions as well as the principal values of the plastic strain tensor.
- b. What is the stress state that could have led to such a plastic deformation? Is this state unique?

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1 2	Question	# points
2 1 3 3 4 3	3	1 3

Exam grade = # points + 1